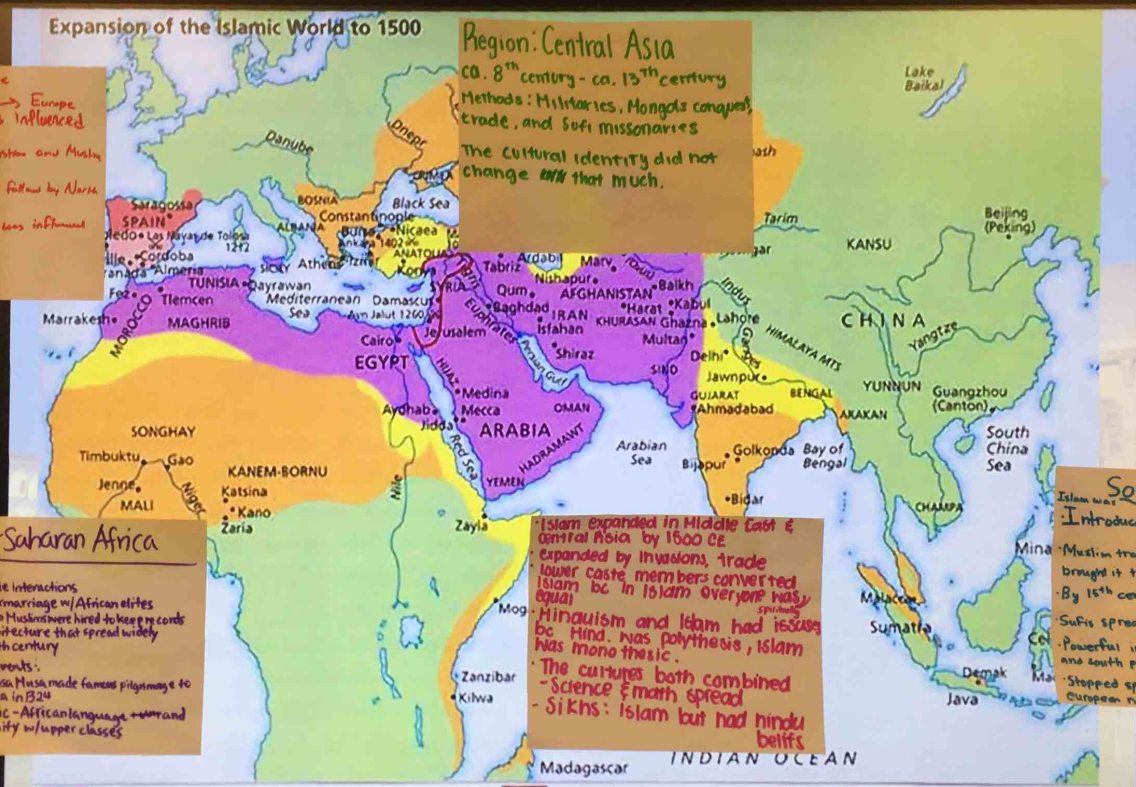


Expansion of the Islamic World to 1500



Region: Central Asia
 ca. 8th century - ca. 13th century
 Methods: Military, Mongols conquest, trade, and Sufi missionaries
 The cultural identity did not change ~~that~~ that much.

Islam and Europe
 - Rise of Islam spread from Europe
 - Muslim artistic styles influenced in Spain
 - Hostility between the Christian and Muslim
 - Arab Conquests in Spain → followed by Normans in the 11th century
 - 1492 - last pocket that was influenced by the Arabs/Muslims.

Sub-Saharan Africa
 - Spread by:
 - trade interactions
 - intermarriage w/ African elites
 - Arab Muslims were hired to keep records
 - architecture that spread widely
 - spread in 13th century
 - Historical events:
 - Mansa Musa made famous pilgrimage to Mecca in 1324
 - mix of Arabic-African language → and cultural unity w/ upper classes

Islam expanded in Middle East & Central Asia by 1600 CE expanded by invasions, trade lower caste members converted Islam bc in Islam everyone was equal
 Hinduism and Islam had issues bc Hindu was polytheistic, Islam was monotheistic.
 The cultures both combined - Science & math spread - Sikhs: Islam but had Hindu beliefs

Southeast Asia
 Islam was introduced during late 14th century
 - Muslim trading ships from Arabia/India brought it there
 - By 15th century elites were converted
 - Sufis spread religion
 - Powerful influence on Indonesian islands and south Philippines
 - Stopped spread during 16th century by European navy.

- Islamic world at the end of the Umayyad dynasty
- Extent of the Islamic world 1250
- Extent of the Islamic world 1500
- Area reconquered by Christians 1250
- Area reconquered by Christians 1500
- Site and date of important battle
- Extent of Christian crusading principalities in 12th century